

寧lile CR-202
electronic cash register

## Disclaimer

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## Safety Precautions

## CAUTION :-

- The socket outlet should be near the cash register and easily accessible


## NEVER: -

- Allow liquid to enter the cash register. If this should happen, unplug the register immediately
- Attempt to disassemble or modify the register in any way. The components inside the register carry a voltage, which may emit an electric shock.
- Use cleaning fluids; always use a dry cloth to clean the register
- Insert any object into the moving components of the register.


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## Getting Started



## Chapter 1

## Getting Started Explanation

## Getting Started

## General Guide

## Welcome

This cash register has been designed to provided you with comprehensive management reports, through simple register operations. The requirements of your business will be met by the registers features, which are outlined in this manual.


## Getting Started

## Mode Switch

This has five mode positions for providing secure access to the registers options.

$\mathbf{L} \quad$ The register is locked in this position and no sales can be entered.
Any key can be turned to this position, and removed.
R This will display the time when initially turned to this position.
Press CLEAR to remove the time display or simply begin the operation.
Sales transactions can be registered in this mode.
Any key can be turned to this position, and removed.
X XREPORT is shown on the display. Reports can be printed without deleting sales totals. The total monies in drawer is also displayed when the key is turned to X mode Any key can be turned to this position.

Z ZREPORT is shown on the display. Reports can be printed and this will delete the sales totals. The total monies in drawer is also displayed when the key is turned to Z mode The OW key is required for this position

PROGRAM is shown on the display when this mode is selected.
$\mathbf{P} \quad$ This mode is used to program the system flags, departments, items, prices, etc. The OW key is required for this position

This will display the time when you initially turn to this position.
VOID Press CLEAR to remove the time display and begin operation In this mode, all the operations are the same as R mode, but the calculation is negative The OW key is required for this position

Note Turning the mode key mid operation will result in an error tone. Return to the original position press CLEAR then finalise the current operation before turning the mode lock key.

## Drawer

The cash drawer has four note and eight coin compartments with a removable insert. The drawer will open when a sale is finalised or when a report is printed.

Please Note:- That there is a manual release level underneath the drawer in case of power failure.

## Getting Started

## Display

As transactions are made, the display shows the current sale. The display supports varying symbols to indicate to the user what has been currently entered


## Paper Roll

The register operates using 57 mm by 57 mm thermal paper roll. This is given to the customer as a receipt or wound round the take up spool for recording of the daily transaction journal. It is possible to stop any printing as shown in the program options. The register also has the option to store the journal electronically. This will store each sale, until such time as the journal memory is full, at this stage the system will either clear the report automatically and start recording again, or the register will prompt the user to print and reset the report. This can be programmed using system option 7.


## To Install the Paper :-

Remove the roll cover, open the paper arm, drop the roll in as shown and then close the paper arm.


It is then possible to feed the paper onto the take up spool if required
Caution." - Do not tamper with the printer mechanism or use the machine with no paper fitted as this may cause irreparable damage.

## Getting Started

## Receipt Explanation

## Sample Receipt



* The information printed on the receipt is decided in programming. The example above shows a fully detailed receipt, with optional tax add on.


## Chapter 2

Functions Explained

## Function Keyboard

## Function Explanation

## Keyboard

The cash register keyboard controls all operations of the machine, from basic registration to refunds and reports. The action of each key is dependant on the mode switch position or the sequence of key presses. Specific programming functions can be carried out on the cash register, such as presetting the \% key with a fixed discount amount i.e 10\%. A detailed explanation of these functions is shown in the following sections.

| PAPER FEED | $\square$ <br> RECPT ON/OFF | CLEAR | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { K } \\ \text { X/TIME } \end{array}$ | CLERK\# ${ }^{\text {L }}$ |  | $\stackrel{V}{\text { CURR }}$ \#1 | Y CURR \#2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \quad \text { VAT/ } \\ & \text { SHIFT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COPY } \\ & \text { RECPT } \end{aligned}$ | 7 | $8$ | $9$ | \#4 | \#8 |  | NO Z SALE / \# |
| R.A | $\text { P. } O^{\text {G }}$ | 4 | $5$ | $6$ | \#3 ${ }^{\text {N }}$ | \#7 | CHEQ | CAPS <br> CARD |
| \%1  <br> (\%-)  <br>   | $\begin{array}{cc}  \\ \% & \mathrm{H} \\ (-) & \end{array}$ | $1$ | $2$ | $3$ | $0$ <br> \#2 | \#6 ${ }^{\text {T }}$ | SUBT | ENTER OTAL |
| VOID LAST | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REFND/ } \\ & \text { CANCL } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $00$ | \#1 | \#5 |  | SPACE |

## Printing functions

RECPT
ON/OF

COPY
RECPT

This will feed the paper roll

This is used to turn the receipt on or off.

This is used to issue a customer copy of the receipt. It is possible to back track through the last three receipts, by entering the number 12 or 3 and pressing this key.

## General Functions



It should be noted the decimal position is used only for entering decimal quantities during multiplication

This key is used to clear a numeric amount which has not been registered through a department or PLU, or to stop the error tone of the register

This key is used during transactions to enter multiple quantities of the same item. Outside of a sale this key will display the current time

This function is used to display the current sale total during a transaction.

## Product Keys

```
PLU /
AMT
```

The system allows 1200 Price Look Up codes to be programmed to the cash register memory for open or preset price sales. Entering the code number of the product and pressing this key will register the item sale.

The eight department keys are used to register sale items either as open or pre-set price items

## Discount and Surcharges

This key can be programmed to carry out any monetary/percentage discount or surcharge operation within a sale. A rate can be pre-programmed to the key for fixed amounts. The key as default is programmed to act as an open percentage minus amount

## Functions Explained

## Payment Keys

## CASH

CARD

## CHEQ

This key is used to accept payment of a transaction as cash. If an amount is entered prior to pressing this key it is treated as an amount tendered and change will be calculated. When the sale is finalised the cash drawer opens and the totals are reported to Cash In Drawer. The system will accept partial payment in conjunction with any other payment keys.

This key is used to accept payment of a transaction for up to 9 Credit Card types. When the sale is finalised the cash drawer opens and totals are reported to Card In Drawer. The system will accept partial payment in conjunction with other payment keys.

This key is used to accept payment of a transaction by cheque. When the sale is finalised the cash drawer opens and the totals are reported to Cheque In Drawer. The system will accept partial payment in conjunction with any other payment keys

This key is used to accept payment of a transaction, by miscellaneous tender. When the sale is finalised the cash drawer opens and totals are reported to misc in drawer. The system will accept partial payment in conjunction with any of the payment keys.

## Corrections and Refunds

VOID
LAST

This key can be used at any time within a transaction. When pressed after a department or PLU it will remove that item from the sale total.

This is a dual function key acting as a refund allowing any item to be refunded even if the item has not been sold within the current transaction. The key will also act as a complete transaction cancel if pressed after the subtotal key.

## Functions Explained

## Monies Management

P.O.
R.A.
\# / NO
SALE

This key is used to register monies taken out of the drawer. The value is entered followed by the P.O key and then finalised using one of the payment keys. The value paid out will then be deducted from the report totals.

This key is used to register monies paid into the drawer. The value is entered followed by the R.A key and then finalized using one of the payment keys. The value received on account will be added to the report totals.

This is a dual function key. Used outside of a sale the No Sale key will open the cash drawer. Alternatively a reference number can be entered on the numeric keypad followed by the \# key. The number entered will be printed on the paper roll.

## Currency Exchange

These functions allow payment in up to two foreign currencies. The Euro currency is the first rate of exchange. The system can accept partial payment of foreign and home currency, with the ability to select the receipt print format totals printing in both Euro and foreign currency amounts.

To make a sale in Euros the key is pressed immediately after the subtotal key followed by the payment function. If a sale is to be made in a different currency the subtotal key is pressed followed Curr \#2 key. The display will

## Chapter 3

## Quick Set-up

## Quick Set-up - Basic Programming

## Quick Set-up

The following sequences are the only ones required before beginning basic register operations. Once you have unboxed the cash register and ensured that all the components are enclosed. You MUST reset the machine using the "Resetting all program back to factory defaults" operation shown below. This procedure can be carried out at any time, however any programming or sales information previously entered will be erased.

## Resetting all Program Back to Factory Defaults

This will restore the program back to factory settings removing any previously carried out programming and sales totals stored in the register

Note :- ALL PROGRAMMING WILL BE LOST AND THE MACHINE WILL BE CLEARED OF ALL TOTALS


A receipt will be printed saying Default Restored

## Setting the date and time



## Example



## Setting the register print format




The register has a single roll printer. This roll can be used to issue receipts to customers or to record the sales on the journal. The register has the ability to store the journal electronically turned on within program option 7 .


## Management Reset of Totals

## Memory Operations

It is possible to reset all totals back to factory defaults or to remove various combinations of sales totals. This allows you to familiarise yourself with the machine, and remove all totals before beginning programming.

## Resetting all Program Back to Factory Defaults

This will restore the program back to factory settings removing any programming previously carried out and sales totals stored in the register

Note :- ALL PROGRAMMING WILL BE LOST AND THE MACHINE WILL BE CLEARED OF ALL TOTALS

SUBTOTAL

A receipt is printed saying Default Restored

## Resetting the Reports

This will reset the X-read and Z-reset report totals

P.Mode

The display shows CLEAR


A receipt is printed saying Reset all reports

## Resetting all totals

This will reset the related sales totals and counters, this will not reset the grand totals and receipt numbers


A receipt is printed saying Reset all Totals

## Management Reset of Totals

## Resetting the consecutive receipt

This will reset the customer receipt consecutive number and also the report consecutive number



SUBTOTAL
A receipt is printed saying Reset Receipt No.


## Resetting the Electronic Journal

This will reset the electronic journal roll totals, provided this is allowed using the system settings within flag 7


0

6

The display shows CLEAR


## Resetting the Grand Totals

This will reset the running grand total which appears on the reset report
$\square$
$\square$

The display shows CLEAR

$\square$


A receipt is printed saying Reset Grand Total

## Programming



## Chapter 4

## Programming

## Program Settings

## Basic Settings

The following tasks should be carried out when the machine is removed from the box

## Setting the date and time



## Setting the register print format

The register has a single roll printer. This roll can be used to issue receipts to customers or to record the sales on the journal. The register has the ability to store the journal electronically turned on within program option 7.


## Program Settings

## Programming Prices Only

The departments on the keyboard as standard allow manual entry of prices. However, it is possible to program a preset price to a department. There are other features relating to departments such as tax status as shown on the following pages.

## Setting a pre-set price for a Department

The eight department buttons on the keyboard can be programmed with a preset price



## Setting a pre-set price for a PLU

The register allows up to 1200 Price Look Up codes to be programmed in cash register memory. PLUs are used to register items by entering the PLU code and pressing the PLU button. There are other features relating to PLUs on the following pages.


Example To program product code 12 for a price of 20p


## Program Settings

## Programming Names Only

The departments on the keyboard as standard are operational, allowing the manual entry of prices. However to provide a more meaningful receipt for the customer, it is possible to program a name to a product. This procedure is shown below.

## Setting a name for a Department

The eight department buttons on the keyboard and up to 99 memory departments can be programmed with a preset name that is printed on reports etc.


To program department 1 with a name of CAR
\#1

\#8 R

SUBTOTAL
CASH

## Setting a name for a PLU

The register allows up to 1200 Price Look Up codes to be programmed to the cash register memory. PLUs are used to register items by entering the PLU code and pressing the PLU button. These codes can be given a 12 character name.


Example
To program product code 12 with a description of CAR


## Program Settings

## Programming All Department Options

It is possible to program special features to the departments depending on your requirements. For example, an item could be taxable by $17.5 \%$ or it may be that the item needs to be negatively priced. The register is programmed by entering a string of numbers, where the number in the string represents turning on a feature. The table below shows the program numbers and what feature each number represents. It is also possible to link departments together into groups so that total sales can be calculated for each group i.e. food and non-food items. There are eight departments on the keyboard for sales and 99 in total, for reporting purposes.

## Setting Department Special Features

Note:- Pressing subtotal through all the questions will move onto the next department


Enter all the answers from the table below or press SUBTOTAL


Enter the 12 letter name or press SUBTOTAL


| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal Price Item <br> Negative Retail Price Item with no price print Do not Print the retail price on the receipt Negative Retail Price Item | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Normal Price } \\ & 2=\text { Yes } \\ & 4=\text { Yes } \\ & 8=\text { Yes } \end{aligned}$ | A |
| Department to be taxable by the tax rate reference 0 thru to 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 5 \\ & 0=\text { No Tax } \end{aligned}$ | $B$ |
| Department allows open price entry | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{Yes} \\ & 1=\mathrm{No} \end{aligned}$ | c |
| Which sales reporting group is used for sales totalling of this product. E.g. Group 1 could represent Food, 2 Non Food | 0 = No Group $1-9=\text { Groups 1-9 }$ | D |
| Is the item to be single item sale i.e. the amount of monies is accepted as cash and the drawer opens immediately It is also possible to sell an item as a zero price | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\text { Normal } \\ & 1=\text { Single } \\ & 2=\text { Zero Price } \end{aligned}$ | E |
| To restrict the number of digits allowed for manual price entry I.e. $2=99 \mathrm{p} 3=£ 9.99$ etc. | 1-8 = Fixed Limited 7 is standard choice | F |

## Example

To program department 1 as taxable by rate 2, sales group 1 with a price of 1.00 with a description of "CAR".


CASH

## Program Settings

## Programming All PLU Options

It is possible to program special features to each PLU depending on your requirements. For example, an item could be taxable by $17.5 \%$ or it may be necessary for the item to be negatively priced. The register is programmed by entering a string of numbers where a number in the string represents turning on a feature The table below shows the string of program numbers and what feature each number represents. It is also possible to link PLUs together into departments which can then be linked to groups so that total sales can be calculated for each group i.e. food and non food items

## Setting PLU Special Features

Note:- Pressing subtotal through all the questions will move onto the next PLU number


Example
To program product code 1 as sales department 08 priced at 50p named Car


## Program Settings

## Programming Group Names

Each PLU can be linked to a department and then to a group. For example: A PLU called Bottle of Becks may be linked to a department called Beers which may be linked to a group called Alcohol. This will provide totals per bottle of Becks, total Beer sales and total Alcohol sales.

## Setting Group Names

Note:- Pressing subtotal through all the questions will move onto the next Group number


Enter Group


Etc....


SUBTOTAL
Enter a 10 letter Group name
Number 1-9
Programming the Company Logo

It is possible to program 11 lines of receipt messaging for company details etc. Lines $1-6$ are used as the receipt header message and lines $7-11$ as the receipt footer message. It is possible using the system flags to determine how many lines of the receipt header and footer are to be printed.

## Setting Logo details

Enter the line number.
1-6 print at top
7-11 at bottom

Enter the 18 letter Logo Descriptor


SUBTOTAL
00

## Programming Clerks

It is possible to program clerks, giving each a number, name and password, it is possible using the system flags to enforce a secret password entry per clerk

## Setting Clerk details



## Programming \%1 and \%2

## Setting \% 1 \& \% 2 Special Features

The cash register allows two function keys to be programmed as discount or premium operation keys with either monetary or a percentage value. The function adds to the financial report recording the value of discounts or premiums given. If the \% key is pressed immediately after the department or PLU the sales value is reported net of the value to the financial report. Alternatively, if the key is pressed after the subtotal key, only the sales total is reported as a net value and the department or PLU sales are reported gross.


| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allow open discount / amount entry | 0=Yes Open <br> 1=No Preset | A |
| Does the discount apply to the item value or to the total sale value | Sale $=1$ <br> Item $=0$ | B |
| Minus or positive value | Minus $=0$ <br> Positive $=1$ | \% $=0$ <br> Amount $=1$ |
| \% or Monetary value | D |  |

Example
Following is the default settings for the $\% 1$ key acting as plus $10 \%$ for sale total


## Program Settings

## Programming Payment Options

## Forcing an amount tendered

It is possible to force the operator to enter the amount given by the customer for every sale, ensuring change is calculated every time.


Enter all the answers from the table below

| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Compulsory amount tendered. | No $=\mathbf{0}$ <br> Yes $=1$ | A |

## Cash and Credit Card Names

There is a single credit card function on the keyboard, this is used to recall up to 9 credit card types, by entering the number and pressing the key. Each of these credit card payments can be pre-programmed with a name.


Etc


SUBTOTAL

Enter Card No. 1-9
or
Enter 10 for Cash name change


## Programming VAT Rates

## VAT Rates

The system can have either tax addition or extraction programmed, as default the cash register is set for tax addition. This can be changed in the system flags as required. It is possible to program 5 tax rates identified by a number $1-5$, this number is then set to the department key. You must ensure any goods sold thru or linked to that department should be sold at the rate specified. This will provide a vat break down on both the receipt and financial report if required


Enter the VAT rate with 4 decimals
i.e. 175000 for $\mathbf{1 7 . 5 \%}$

## Program Settings

## Programming Function keys

## Copy Receipt

This function can be used to the disallow he printing of copy receipts, also to disallow the printing of the past three receipts.


SUBTOTAL

Enter all the answers from the table below

| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allow the recalling of the three oldest copy receipts for re-printing | Yes $=\mathbf{0}$ <br> $\mathrm{No}=1$ |  |
| Allow unlimited numbers of copy receipts to be printed | $\mathbf{0}=$ No Limit <br> $1=1$ only | A |
| Allow copy receipt issuance when the receipt is turned off | Yes $=\mathbf{0}$ <br> No $=1$ | C |

## \#/No Sale

This is a dual function key, which allows the opening of the cash drawer without making a sale. Alternatively, the key can be used to enter a 10-digit numeric reference number at any time during a transaction. This number will be printed on the paper roll.


Enter all the answers from the table below

| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Compulsory reference number entry | No $=\mathbf{0}$ <br> Yes $=1$ | Ao $=1$ <br> Yes $=\mathbf{0}$ |
| Enabled no sale and open drawer function | No $=\mathbf{1}$ <br> Yes $=0$ | B |
| Enabled reference no inputting | C |  |

## Program Settings

## Programming Currency Exchange

## Euro / Currency

There are two function keys available for currency conversion. These keys are used for converting the home currency value to Euro currency allowing the operator to accept payments in Euros and one other foreign currency. The rate for home currency to Euros must always be programmed to rate 1. The second currency key should then be programmed with the currency rate from Euros to the other chosen currency.

## For Example

$£ 1=$ ? Euros must be programmed to Currency 1.
E.g. $£ 1=1.58$ Euros then the rate is $1 / 1.58=0.632511$

If CURR\#2 is dollars the rate for $1 \$=? \quad$ Euros must be programmed to Currency 2 E.g. $1 \$=1.26$ Euros then the rate is $1 / 1.26=0.791234$

The cash register can then work through the Euro conversion as shown
Sell £1.00 and press the CURR\#1 key this will show E1.58 which is 1.00 / 0.632511
Press the CURR\#2 key this will show $\$ 1.26$ which is $£ 1.00 / 0.632511=1.58$ Euros $\times 0.791234=\$ 1.26$
£ to Euro Rate
\$ to Euro Rate

If your home currency is Euros, this option can be reversed by using the General Setting system flag. "Euro currency is home currency".


| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| If the machine is required to operate with Euros as the home currency then <br> set this flag to yes and refer to the system option 8 | No $=0$ <br> Yes $=1$ |  |
| The number of decimal places are required for this exchange rate, <br> (this is usually 6 in the UK ) | $0-6$ |  |

## Program Settings

## System Features

The register can be enhanced to better suit your needs by using the following system flags

## Decimal Places / Date format and Vat add or extract

This determines basic features such as the format of the date printing. You must carry out the "Reset All Totals" procedure mentioned earlier before you are allowed to carry out the following procedure.


Enter all the answers from the table below

| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VAT TAX and Add-on Tax <br> Before calculations can be changed all sales totals should be reset | VAT $=\mathbf{0}$ Add-on=1 | A |
| Date format | $\begin{aligned} & 0=M M-D D-Y Y Y Y \\ & 1=D D-M M-Y Y Y Y \\ & 2=Y Y Y Y-M M-D D \end{aligned}$ | $B$ |
| Currency Symbol | $\begin{aligned} & 0=£ \\ & 1=\$ \\ & 2=€ \\ & 3=\text { No symbol } \end{aligned}$ | $c$ |
| Number of decimal places used. | $\begin{aligned} & 0=0 \\ & 1=0.0 \\ & 2=0.00 \\ & 3=0.000 \end{aligned}$ | D |

## Machine number

It is possible to program a number to identify the machine, which is printed on every receipt


Enter the 3 digit machine identifier

## Program Settings

## System Features

The register can be enhanced to better suit your needs by using the following system flags

## Receipt number

As each receipt is issued a consecutive number is calculated and printed, this can be reset or changed to a new starting number if required.




Enter the 4 digit starting receipt number

## Receipt Print Formatting

This controls what information is printed on the reports.


## Program Settings

## Report Formatting

This controls what information is printed on the reports.


## Electronic Journal / Report Options

This controls how the electronic journal will operate, and the report printing options.


## General Settings

This controls the general register operation

$\mathbf{A} D \mathbf{C} D \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{F}$


SUBTOTAL

Enter all the answers from the table below

| Feature option | Choice | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sound drawer alarm if open more than 5 seconds \& stop operation. <br> No drawer alarm <br> Sound drawer alarm if open more than 5 seconds \& allow operation | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Yes } \\ & 2=\text { No } \\ & 1=\text { Normal } \end{aligned}$ | $\pm$ |
| Disable the Cancel key function | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\mathrm{No} \\ & 1=\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ | B |
| Disable the Refund key function | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{No} \\ & 1=\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ | C |
| Euro is the home currency allowing conversion without using triangulation through euro in order to convert. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{Yes} \\ & 1=\mathrm{No} \end{aligned}$ | D |
| Print Euro sales values as well as home currency. This will print the sales totals in Euros even if no conversion is taking place. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{No} \\ & 1=\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ | E |
| Force a clerk to sign on by secret code for every sale. This requires flag $G$ to also be set as yes | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{No} \\ & 1=\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ | $F$ |
| Sign on by clerk secret code is allowed | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0}=\mathrm{No} \\ & 1=\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ | G |

## Self Test/Printer Feed Lines

This controls how the electronic journal and hardware test will operate


Enter the number of lines of paper to feed after a receipt


| Feature options | Choice |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| If self test | $\mathbf{0}=$ No <br> $1=$ Yes | Answer |
| Paper Feed Lines Number (0-9) | $\mathbf{0}-9$ <br> default 7 | $\square$ |

## Program Settings

## Exchange rate

It is possible to determine if the foreign currency exchange rate is printed.


## Cash in Drawer Limit

If this limit is reached, then monies must be paid out from the register or a financial reset report taken. This is designed to ensure the operator knows when the maximum value of monies to be held in the drawer is reached.

 R.A.


Enter the monetary cash limit

## Printing Program Data

## Program Reads

It is possible to print all pre-programmed data, using the following sequence. if you wish to stop a report during printing press CLEAR

## Printing All Pre-Programmed PLU Data

This will print all pre-programmed Price Look Up codes

CARD

## Printing a Range of Pre-Programmed PLU Data

This will print a range pre-programmed Price Look Up codes


## Printing all Pre-Programmed Clerk Data

This will print all pre-programmed Clerk Data


CLERK \#


## Printing Program Data

## Printing all Pre-Programmed Department Data

This will print all pre-programmed Department flag data

Printing all Pre-Programmed System Flag Data

This will print all pre-programmed system flag data

R.A.


CARD

## Printing all Pre-Programmed Group Data

This will print all pre-programmed group names



## Printing all Pre-Programmed Foreign Currency Rates

This will print all pre-programmed foreign currency names


CARD

## Printing Program Data

## Printing all Pre-Programmed Tax Rates

This will print all pre-programmed tax names and rates



CARD

## Printing all Pre-Programmed Logo Names

This will print all pre-programmed foreign currency names

P. 0.


00

## Operation



## Chapter 5

## Sale Operation

## Basic Operations

## Receipt Example



The information printed on the receipt is programmable and is decided by using the system flags. The example above shows a full detailed receipt with optional tax add on.

## Displaying the time

The current time can be displayed. This will prevent the cash register from operating and can be removed by pressing the clear key


## Clerk Sign On

It is possible to program a clerk with a secret number and force them to enter a secret code before a sale can be made This provides added security and ensures that an accurate value of cash taken per clerk is calculated for the reports.


## Basic Operations

## Department Sales

The Departments are used for making sales using different categories i.e. one department for Food and Non Food. This will provide analysis of the business. The reports will produce a total sales quantity and value for each department. The report will then provide a detailed analysis of the business.

## Open Priced Sale

A price can be entered onto a department

| Example | $£ 1.23$ Sale | Department 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 1.23$ Paid | Cash |


| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## CASH

## Preset Priced Sale

It is possible to program a department with a preset price so that when the department key is pressed the price is registered automatically

| Example | $£ 10.50$ Sale | Department 1 which is preset priced |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 10.50$ Paid | Cheque |



## Several Department Sales



## Basic Operations

The Departments are used for making sales and providing analysis of the business. The reports will produce a total sales quantity and value for each department.

## Repeating the Same Department

Pressing the department key again will result in registering another sale at the same value.


## Selling Multiples of the same item using X/Time

Example

$$
\begin{aligned}
& £ 2.46 \text { Sale } \\
& £ 15.00 \text { Sale } \\
& £ 20.00 \text { Paid }
\end{aligned}
$$

Department 2 with a Quantity of 2 @ 1.23 Department 1 with a Quantity of 1.5 @ 10.00
Cash

The X/Time key can be used for the multiplication of items using whole or decimal quantities.


## Basic Operations

The Departments are used for making sales and providing analysis of the business. The reports will produce a total sales quantity and value for each department.

## Negative Departments

The department functions can be programmed as negative, the value can either be preset or manually entered.

| Example | $£-1.23$ Sale | Department 3 with a negative status |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 10.50$ Sale | Department 1 which is preset priced |
|  | $£ 9.27$ Paid | Cash |



## SUBTOTAL

CASH

## Single Item Sale Departments

The department functions can be programmed so that they accept a price, or sell as preset then automatically cash off the sale
Example $\quad £-1.23$ Sale $\quad$ Department 3 with a Single item sale status

$\square$

## Basic Operations

## PLU (price look up) number Sales

The register allows for 1200 Price Look Up codes to be programmed to the system as preset or open priced codes. The report provides sales value and quantities for each product sold.

## Open Priced Sale

A price can be entered onto a PLU code providing the status has been changed to allow manual price entry.


## Preset Priced Sale

It is possible to program a PLU with a preset price so that when the PLU key is pressed the price is registered automatically


## Several PLUs

| Example | $£ 1.23$ Sale | PLU 1 preset priced |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 10.20$ Sale | PLU 2 preset priced |
|  | $£ 11.43$ Paid | Cash |


PLU \#
/ AMT
PLU \# | AMT

## SUBTOTAL

## Basic Operations

## Repeating the same PLU

Pressing the PLU key again will register another sale of the previous value.

| Example | $£ 1.23$ Sale | Preset priced |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 3.00$ Paid | Cash |

1 $\square$

PLU \#
/ AMT

## SUBTOTAL

30000

## Selling Multiples of the same item using X/Time

## Example

PLU 1 with a quantity of 2 @ 1.23
PLU 2 preset priced with a quantity of 1.5 @ 10.00 Cash

The X/Time key can be used for the multiplication of PLUs using whole or decimal quantities.


## Basic Operations

## Negative PLUs

The PLU functions can be programmed with negative values. The value either preset or manually entered is registered as a negative

| Example |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£-1.23$ | Preset or manually entered PLU1 |



CASH

## Single Item Sale PLU's

The PLU functions can be programmed with a single item sale, which allows the product to accept a price or sell as preset then automatically cash off the sale

| Example |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£-1.23$ | PLU programmed as open single item sale |



## Basic Operations

## Payment Operation

The register will accept four types of payment media, cash, misc tend, cheque and credit cards. It is possible to accept payment by any combination of these medias.

## Card Payment

| Example | $£ 9.99$ Sale | Department 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 9.99$ Paid | Card type 9 (there are 9 available) |



## Cheque Payment

| Example | $£ 9.99$ Sale | Department 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 9.99$ Paid | Cheque |

999
\#3

CHEQ

## Mixed Payment Media

| Example | $£ 9.99$ Sale | Department 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 9.00$ Paid | Cheque |
|  | $£ 0.09$ Paid | Misc Tend |
|  | $£ 1.00$ Paid | Cash |



## Basic Operations

## Drawer total management

It is possible to pay money into and from the cash register and have this money movement recorded on the reports

## Pay In monies to the cash drawer

The value of money paid in should be entered. This is recorded on the reports as cash added to the drawer

## Example

$\square$
5.00

Paid In


CASH

## Pay Out Monies from the cash drawer

The value of money paid out should be entered. This is recorded on the reports as cash removed from the drawer.

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}
\hline \text { Example } & 1.00 & \text { Paid out } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$



CASH

## Opening the cash drawer

The \# / No Sale key opens the cash drawer
\# / NO
SALE

## Issue a copy receipt

A copy receipt can be issued by pressing the function. Multiple copies can be issues if allowed in the system options
COPY
RECPT

## Backtrack copy Receipt

It is possible to back track and print up to three previous receipts, by entering the number and pressing copy receipt

## Basic Operations

## Currency Payment

This function allows payment of two foreign currencies; the Euro currency is the first rate of exchange. The system can accept partial payment of foreign and home currencies with the ability to select receipt print formats for the totals printing in both Euro and foreign currency amounts.
To make a sale in Euros the Curr1 key should be pressed immediately after the subtotal key followed by the payment function. If a sale is to be made in another currency the subtotal key should be pressed followed by the Curr2 key.

## Payment in Euros

The Euro function is always assumed currency 1 and in this example, the Euro rate is 0.791234 , which has been preprogrammed to the currency key.

| Example | $£ 1.00$ | Department $1 £ 1.00 / 0.791234=1.26$ Euros |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2.00 EUROS | Cash 2.00 Euros $\times 0.791234=£ 2.52$ |



## Payment in Foreign Currency

The Euro function is always assumed to be currency 1 and in this example the Euros rate is 0.791234 which has been pre-programmed to the Curr1 key. If another currency is to be used this should be programmed to Curr2 key. In this example Dollars to Euros is assumed to be 0.632511 programmed to Curr2.


## Basic Operations

## Monetary Discounts

The system allows two function keys to be programmed as discount or premium either as a monetary or a percentage value. The function reports to totals on the financial report recording the value of discounts or premiums given. If the \% key is pressed immediately after the department or PLU, the sales value is reported net to the financial report of the \% value. Alternatively, if the \% key is pressed after the subtotal key only the sales total is reported as a net value and the departments and PLUs are reported gross..

## Item Monetary Discount

The discount is entered immediately after the item, ensuring the values are reported net of discount to the department and PLU report. This operation is available as standard


## Sale Monetary Discount

The discount is entered immediately after the subtotal key. The values are reported gross to the department and PLU Report. This operation is available using the programming of the $\% 1$ and $\% 2$ keys

| Example | $£ 1.00$ | Department 1 to report $£ 1.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 10.00$ | Department 1 to report $£ 10.00$ |
|  | $£ 1.60$ discount |  |



## Basic Operations

## Percentage Discounts

The system allows two function keys to be programmed as discount or premium operation keys either as a monetary or a percentage value. The function reports to the financial report recording the value of discounts or premiums given. If the \% key is pressed immediately after the item, the sales value is reported net of the value. Alternatively, if the key is pressed after the subtotal key only the sales total is reported as a net value and the items are reported gross. It is possible to preset the value of the \% keys so that when the key is pressed the discount or surcharge is applied automatically.

## Item \% Discount

The discount is entered immediately after the item ensuring the values are reported net of discount to the department and PLU report. This operation is available as standard and will operate discounts up to two decimal places.


## Sale \% Discount

The discount is entered immediately after the subtotal key. The values are reported gross to the department and PLU Report. This operation is available using the programming of the \%1 and \%2 keys


## Basic Operations

## Monetary Surcharges

The system allows two function keys to be programmed as discount or premium operation keys either as a monetary or a percentage value. The function reports to totals on the financial report recording the value of discounts or premiums given. If the \% key is pressed immediately after the item, the sales value is reported net of the value. Alternatively, if the key is pressed after the subtotal key only the sales total is reported as a net value and the items are reported gross. It is possible to preset the value of the \% keys so that when the key is pressed the discount or surcharge is applied automatically.

## Item Monetary Surcharge

The surcharge is entered immediately after the item, ensuring the values are reported net of discount to the department and PLU report. This operation is available using the programming of the $\% 1$ and $\% 2$ keys

| Example | $£ 10.00+150 \mathrm{P}$ | Department 1 to report $£ 11.50$ p and <br> $1.50 \mathrm{p} \% 1$ Surcharge |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Sale Monetary Surcharge

The surcharge is entered immediately after the subtotal key. The values are reported gross to the department and PLU Report. This operation is available using the programming of the \%1 and \%2 keys


## Basic Operations

## Percentage Surcharges

The system allows two function keys to be programmed as discount or premium operation keys either as a monetary or a percentage value. The function reports to totals on the financial report recording the value of discounts or premiums given. If the \% key is pressed immediately after the item, the sales value is reported net of the value. Alternatively, if the key is pressed after the subtotal key only the sales total is reported as a net value and the items are reported gross. It is possible to preset the value of the \% keys so that when the key is pressed the discount or surcharge is applied automatically.

## Item \% Surcharge

The discount is entered immediately after the item, ensuring the values are reported net of discount to the department and PLU report. This operation is available using the programming of the \%1 and \%2 keys

Example

$£ 10.00$ + 20.5\%
Department 1 to report £12.05 and £2.05 \%2 Surcharge


## Sale \% Surcharge

The discount is entered immediately after the subtotal key. The values are reported gross to the department and PLU Report. This operation is available using the programming of the \%1 and \%2 keys

| Example | $£ 1.00$ | Department 2 to report $£ 1.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $£ 10.00$ | Department 1 to report $£ 10.00$ |
|  | $50 \%+$ | Surcharge to report $£ 5.50 \% 2$ surcharge |



## Basic Operations

## Corrections during a sale

The system allows for varying forms of correction within a transaction, each of which are outlined below.

## Void Last

This will remove the last item sold from the sale total


This can be used to remove any item within the current sale by pressing the refund/cancel item key and re-entering the item


## Basic Operations

## Outside of Sale Corrections

The system allows for varying forms of correction within a transaction each of which are outlined below.

## Refund - outside of a sale

This is used to remove an item which may has been returned for a money refund.

| Example | £1.00 |  |  | Refund Depar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £-1.00 |  |  | Initially Paid for |
|  |  |  |  | REFND CANCL |
|  |  |  | 0 | \#1 |
|  |  |  |  | CASH |

## Cancel Transaction

If a transaction has been entered incorrectly, the whole sale can be cancelled.


The void mode is a replica of register mode but all sales are subtracted rather than added to the totals

| Example | $£ 1.00$ |  |  | Refund Department at $£ 1.00$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £-1.00 |  |  | Initially Paid for by Cash |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Training Mode

## Starting Training Mode



## Register Training Mode

Make sales as normal

## Ending Training Mode



The display will show the word Password
3535

## Training mode financial Report

It is possible to print a financial report showing how much monies/activity has been entered during training

## Chapter 6

Reporting

## Report Printing

## Reporting Explained

The cash register has two reporting modes one for reading of sales data and the other for reading and resetting. The mode position access is controlled by keys with only the OW key accessing the reporting modes. When the key is turned to the $X$ and $Z$ position the total monies taken is displayed on screen.

X - Used for the printing of sales data without resetting the totals
Z - Used for the printing of sales data and resetting the values back to zero.
Over the following pages are examples of reports, which explain all totals. The reports produced for each individual register will vary depending on which functions are used i.e. if no cheque payments have been accepted then this total will not print. The report format can be customised using the system report print options.

## Displaying Cash in Drawer

When the mode key is turned to $X$ the total monies taken is displayed. Pressing this key will identify how much of that is cash. This feature is allowed or disallowed using program flags. It is also possible to press the Cash, Cheque, Card or Miscellaneous tender keys in order to display the in drawer totals, depending on the pre-programmed system flags.


## Printing a short Read of the Drawer totals

This displays the current value in drawer total


## Enter Cash Declared

The cash declared can be forced before the printing of a financial report or entered optionally by pressing the CURR \#1 key in Z mode. When prompted the values are entered as shown below.


## Reporting Printing

## Report Procedures

## Read Reports

To print the following reports turn the mode key to the X position using the OW key and press the key shown


## Reporting Printing

## Read Reports

To print the following reports turn the mode key to the X position using the OW key and press the key shown
Void report

| Short |
| :--- |
| Financial |
| Daily sales |
| Group sales |
| Department |
| Short Group |


| Electrons |
| :--- | This will print the total sums of monies in drawer.

Journal
Training full
report

## Reset Reports

To print the following reports turn the mode key to the Z position using the OW key and press the key shown

| Full report |  | This prints all financial information. It is possible using the system flags to optionally print clerks, groups etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full <br> Department | \%2 (-) | This prints the sales quantity and value for all the Departments sold. Also the total sales for any PLU's linked to departments for sales reporting. This report can also be optionally printed on the financial report |
| Full Clerk Report | CLERK\# | This prints the total monies taken for all clerks This report can be optionally printed on the financial report |
| Full PLU | $\overline{\text { PLU \# / AMT }}$ | This prints the sales quantity and value for all the PLU's sold |
| Full Hourly | R.A | This prints the total monies taken per hour |
| Periodic <br> Financial | P.O. | This is the period i.e. monthly / weekly copy of the financial report |
| Electronic Journal | \%1 (\%-) | This prints the full days audit roll. This feature must be enabled using the program option 7 setting. |
| Daily sales | VAT | This report shows the total value of monies per day. |
| Department <br> Short Group | $1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad \% 2$ | This shows the total value of groups per department |
| Training full report |  | This prints out the full report, include dept, group, financial and clerk report according to the fixed sequence, in TRAIN mode |
| Declared Cash | ${ }_{\text {CUR }}$C1 | This accepts the declared monies as shown previously and prints the declared report. |

## Report Printing

## Sample Reports

## Void Report



| VOID REPORT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| GROSS | 37.84 |
| NET | 37.30 |
| REFUND |  |
|  | 37.30 |
| ERROR CORRECT 1 N |  |
|  | 37.30 |
| CANCEL |  |
|  | 37.30 |
| REPORT TOTAL |  |
|  | 37.30 |

This is the total retail value of goods sold
This is the net value of monies taken for goods sold.
This is the total value of refunds

This is the total value of last item voids

This is the total value of cancelled sales

This is the total value of void mode sales

## Clerk Report



## Full Report



## CASH

| $* * * * * * * * * *$Z-FUL***********REPORTZ0016\# |  | Z indicates a reset report has been done and X read This is the type of report that has been printed This is the report number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| DEPARTMENT REPORT |  |  |
| DEPT01 | 91.95\% | This is the department name and \% of total department sales |
| 28.00X | 34.30 | This is the quantity and value of goods sold per department |
| DEPT02 | 91.95\% |  |
| 2.00X | 3.00 |  |
| REPORT TOTAL | 37.30 | This is Value of goods prior to tax and including discounts and premiums |
| TAX1 17.5\% | 19N | This is the vat name and quantity for that vat rate |
|  | 0.54 | This is the total value of vat |
| TOTAL | 37.84 | This is the total value of goods including discounts/premiums and tax |
|  | **** |  |
| GROUP REPORT |  |  |
| GROUP 1 | 3.00 | This is the total value of goods sold per group (programmable) |
| *********************** |  |  |
| FINANCIAL REPORT |  |  |
| ************************* |  |  |
| GROSS NET TOTAL | 37.84 | This is the retail value of goods sold before discounts |
|  | 37.84 |  |
| ERROR CORRECT |  |  |
|  | 0.00 | This is the total value of error corrections / last item voids |
| \%+ |  |  |
|  | 0.00 | This is the total value of surcharge given |
| + |  |  |
| \%- | 0.00 | This is the total value of discount given |
|  | 0.00 |  |
|  | 0.00 |  |
| REFUND |  | This is the total value of refunds |
|  | 0.00 | This is the total value of cancelled sales |
| CANCEL | 0.00 |  |
| DRAWER TOTAL CASH | 37.84 | This is the monetary value of goods sold |
|  | 29N | The number of cash sales and value in drawer |
|  | 33.23 |  |
| FCEO 1 | 3 N | The number of foreign currency 1/Euro sales and value in drawer |
|  | 1.74 |  |

## Full Report Continued



## Declared Report


Z. Prints the sales totals and resets the figures for the report back to zero

Note : - Please refer to Enter Cash Declared page

```
CURR
```

| $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| DECLARED REPORT |  |
| ********************* |  |
| CASH-ID | 33.23 |
| CASH SHORT | 33.23 |
| DEC TOTAL | 33.23 |
| DRAWER TOTAL | 33.23 |

This is the total value of cash in drawer
This shows the over or under compared to the value declared This shows total value declared
This is the total sum on monies in the drawer

## Report Printing

## Department Report



## \%2 (-)

| ************************ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEPARTMENT REPORT |  |  |
| DEPT01 | 91.95\% |  |
| 28.00X | 34.30 | This is the quantity and value of goods sold per department |
| DEPT02 | 91.95\% |  |
| 2.00X | 3.00 |  |
| REPORT TOTAL | 37.30 | This is Value of goods taken from the financial |
| TAX1 17.5\% | 19 N | This is the vat name and quantity for that vat rate |
|  | 0.54 | This is the total value of vat |
| TOTAL | 37.84 | This is the total value of goods including discounts/premiums and tax |

## Group Report



## Short Department / Group report




| ************************** |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| DEPTREP SHORT |  |
| ************************* |  |
| GROUP 1 |  |
| DEPTO2 | $8.04 \%$ |
| 2.00 | 3.00 |
| TOTAL |  |
| 2.00 | 3.00 |
| $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$ |  |
| REPORT TOTAL | 37.30 |

This is the group which the departments are linked to
This is the department description and the \% of overall sales
This is the quantity and value for this department
This is the total quantity and value for the department report
The quantity and value per group is shown
This is the total value of goods sold from the financial sales.

## PLU Report



The department to which the PLU is linked is shown
The PLU description and percentage of the total sales is shown The quantity and value per product is shown

This is the total quantity and value for all products

## Report Printing

## Daily Report



## Hourly Report



## Chapter 7

## Trouble Shooting

## Trouble Shooting

## Error Messages

The register has error numbers to identify the cause of the fault. If no error number is shown, the error is a simple misoperation, which can be cleared by pressing clear

EJ Z RED
The electronic journal is full and must be reset using the appropriate $Z$ report. This warning message can be turned off if required, and the electronic journal will then automatically reset.

E00 Operation error such as an attempt to sell a descriptive PLU without first selling a priced product
E01 Return to the original mode position and finalise the operation
E02 A sale cannot be finalised without entering the amount tendered, or an attempt to enter a reference number has been made and this feature is disabled.

E03 This sequence is only allowed in Manager Mode
E04 This operation has been disallowed
E05 No price has been programmed to the preset only product
E15 Not enough monies i.e. attempting to pay out more monies than is in the drawer
E21 The cash in drawer limit has been reached either pay out monies from cash drawer or $Z$ reset the financial totals.

Noise Only

or the mode lock has been changed return to

This is an incorrect key sequence press the original mode position

## Problem Solving



## Trouble shooting

## Self Tests

If there appears to be a problem with either the drawer or printer, it is possible to carry out a print test routine and a drawer test routine. It should be noted, that the drawer is lockable and should be opened for the test, there is also a manual release level on the base of the drawer in case of power failure.

## Enabling/ disabling the Self Tests

The self-test must be enabled before a test can be carried out; it is also advisable to disable the option once the tests are complete.


Enter 1007 to enable self tests
Or enter 7 to disable self tests


## Self Test Procedure

It is possible to enforce a password entry before any programming can be started


## Specifications

## Specifications

## Keyboard

## 38 Functions including Numeric

Raised functions keys with 8 Departments as standard.
$\square$ A Wet cover is available as a purchasable parts option

## Printer

1 station thermal printer.

18 characters of print
$57 \mathrm{~mm} \times$ diameter 70 mm wide Paper Roll

Speed: Approx. 6 lines/sec.

## Memory

## 1200 Product Look Ups

8 Departments - 99 in memory

15 Clerks

## Size

405 (W) X 423(D) X228 (H) mm (Including Drawer)
Weight

## Approx. 12 Kg

## Drawer

